



Variable-switching Regulated DC Power Supplies PAS Series

Constant voltage/constant current, three types of 350 W, 700 W, and 1000 W, Max Voltage (10V to 500V) 24 models With digital communication functions and a power-factor correction circuit Controlling via USB, GPIB or RS-232C can be supported by an option



Our New Flagship Series of Compact Power Supplies Equipped with digital communication functions and a power-Introducing 15 new models!!

The PAS Series consists of sophisticated variable-switching DC power supplies that refine and add to the advances of our conventional PAK-A Series. While the cabinet size remains unchanged from conventional models, the PAS Series incorporates a high-efficiency switching circuit and a powerfactor correction circuit to meet the needs of today's users. The PAS Series also provide Kikusui-developed digital communication functions (TP-BUS, Twisted Pair Bus) with combination of using optional Power Supply Controller, PIA4800 Series. This series can handle power supply systems ranging from small scale (two units) to large scale systems (up to 448 units when used in combination with GPIB) at low cost. It is possible to build up the system by using Power Supply Controller PIA4800 Series that can control the Power Supplies located at the factory from the office PC for the distance up to 200 m (As shown in the figure).

Equipped with a power-factor correction circuit

High power conversion efficiency of 75% (TYP.)

Equipped with digital communication functions Four-digit indication display unit **Multifunction dial Supporting universal AC input**



TYPE I (350W type)

Attractive new design

The dynamic new color scheme of the PAS Series features a gray-white base with a front louver in vibrant blue. Models in this series are controlled with a multifunction dial and feature a highbrightness four-digit indication display unit. Display digits provide readings down to 10mV/1 mA, and a output power (W) display function is also provided. The end result is improved operability and visibility.

Handling margin testing with capacity

The maximum rated output voltage of conventional products is typically a range consisting of 6 V, 10 V, 20 V, 35 V, and 60 V. The PAS Series offers a maximum rated output voltage of 10 V, 20 V, 40 V, 60 V, 80 V, 160V, 320V, and 500V, in response to changes in the voltage ranges required for margin testing due to the conversion of equipment such as DC-DC converters, batteries, automobile electrical

TYPE II (700W type)

components, and motor-operated tools to high voltage or large capacity formats. This allows the PAS Series to handle tests at 150% of 24 V (36 V) or at 150% of 48 V (72 V) with capacity to spare.

External analog control functions

• Constant-voltage/constant-current output control function

Output control based on external voltage (0 to 10 V) Output control based on external resistance (0 to $10 \text{ k}\Omega$)

- Output ON/OFF control function External contact-based output ON/OFF control
- Power switch control function

External contact-based power switch OFF control

TYPE III (1000W type)

Analog read-back function

- Monitor output (voltage output) Output voltage monitoring Output current monitoring
- Status signal output (contact signal output) CV mode signal, CC mode signal, Output ON signal, Alarm signal, POWER ON signal

[Notice]

Because a noise filter is used for the primary input for the PAS series, the leakage breaker, etc. may be activated, depending on the environment of the input power, when using multiple quantities of them at the same time. Therefore, we provide models called "PAS Series, LLC model" for customers who are planning to use multiple units. If you have any questions, please contact our sales for the details

Please be noted that LLC model is not applicable for CE marking.



factor correction circuit.

High efficiency and high power factor

The PAS Series employs a high-efficiency switching circuit that inherits its core circuit from the PAK-A Series, achieving a power conversion efficiency of 75% (TYP. 70% or better for 10V models). Models in the series incorporate a power-factor correction circuit with a power factor of 0.98 that suppresses higher harmonic currents. The PAS Series reduces power consumption cost, as well as heat-dissipation design cost, when the system is configured.

AC input current waveform



PAS Series

High-resolution meter displays power (W)

Four digits are used to display output voltage/ current at the same time. The configurable digits are more brightly lit than the others, to ensure easy and safe verification/ operation. The output power is also displayed. You can set the output



voltage/current while monitoring the output power [Voltmeter measurement accuracy: \pm (0.2% of rdg + 5 digits) ammeter measurement accuracy: ± (0.5% of rdg + 5 digits)].

* The maximum number of digits displayed on the ammeter (i.e. the location of the decimal point) varies according to the model.

Maximum Display
9.999
99.99
999.9
9999

Parallel and series operation

For master/slave use, the PAS Series handles parallel (current expansion) and series (voltage expansion) operations. The maximum number of units that can be connected in series is two, while the maximum number of units connectable for parallel applications is five for the 350W type, three for the 700W type, and two for the 1000W type.

* The same model types must be used for a given operation. The units cannot be connected in series and parallel simultaneously. 320V model and 500V model can not be connected in Series configuration

Connecting two PAS80-13.5 in series

Master 0 to 160 V Control output Slave signal

Connecting two PAS10-105 in parallel



Digital communication function

In addition to output control based on external voltage, external resistance, or contact signal (socalled external analog inputs), the PAS Series offers a digital remote control read-back function (TP-

• Example of connection using TP-BUS

BUS: Twisted Pair Bus) as standard equipment. This TP-BUS enables a single power supply controller (PIA4850) to control up to 32 PAS Series units.



Note : For controlling via GPIB or RS-232C, please use PIA4830.

Universal mode available for AC input

For AC input, a universal mode (continuous between 100 V and 240 V) is used instead of a 100 V / 200 V switchover type. The AC power connector* (AC inlet) used ensures safe and easy connections.

* Only with 350 W types and 700 W types. For 1,000 W types, a terminal block is used.

Front-panel auxiliary output terminal

A front-panel auxiliary output terminal helps you to remove outputs with ease. Please note, however, that an accident may result in the event of inadvertent user contact. Moreover, this terminal can use only a limited current. Thus, when a large amount of power is used, the maximum load can not be realized. To meet your

needs, Kikusui offers the extended ET-11 terminal, available as a separate option.



The ET-11 is a terminal block box that is mountable on the PAS Series, using a magnet.

Maximum rated output	30 A (600 V or less)
Dimensions	About 124 mm (W) x 34 mm (H) x 100 mm (D)
Weight	about 700 g
Cable length	About 60 cm
Accessory	Magnet, terminal protective cover

panel description

350W type

CURRENT switch

Selects the number of digits in current setting. Used together with the SHIFT switch, this toggles the display between the current and the output power.

protection functions.





TP-BUS

The connector used in remote control to connect the unit to the power supply controller (PIA4830) using a twisted-pair cable.

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The connector used to select functions such as analog remote control and serial/parallel operation. COUTPUT

The bus bar has 3-mm and 4-mm screw holes and M8 bolt holes. (Screws and M8 nuts and bolts are included with the product.)



4 Sensing Terminal

The terminal used to connect a sensing cable.

G AC INPUT

The AC power connector (350 W and 700 W types) or terminal block (1000 W type).

6 Setting List

On top of the unit is a sticker with a list of control and CONFIG settings.



▲Top rear



[Reference] Pin assignment list for J1 connector

	Signal name	Description
1	A COM	Common *1
2	D COM	Common *1
3	OUT ON	ON/OFF of outputs [OFF when L (or H) of the
	/ OFF CONT	TTL level signal is input.*2]
4	EXT-V CV CONT	Output voltage control by an external voltage
5	EXT-V CC CONT	Output current control by an external voltage
6	EXT-R CV CONT	Output voltage control by external resistance
7	EXT-R CC CONT	Output current control by external resistance
8	VMON	Output voltage monitor
9	IMON	Output current monitor
10	SHUT DOWN	Shutdown (Outputs or the POWER switch are turned
		off when L of the TTL level signal is input.*2)
11	SER IN+	Positive input terminal used in master-slave series operation.
12	PRL IN+	Positive input terminal used in master-slave parallel operation.
13	SER IN-	Negative input terminal used in master-slave series operation.
14	PRL IN-	Negative input terminal used in master-slave parallel operation.
	[COMP IN] *3	[Compensation signal input terminal during master-slave
		parallel operation]
15	NEXT PRL OUT+	Positive output terminal used to output to the next unit in
		master-slave parallel operation.
16	NEXT PRL OUT-	Negative output terminal used to output to the next unit in
	[NEXT COMP	master-slave parallel operation.
	OUT] *3	[Compensation signal output terminal to the next device
		during master-slave parallel operation]
17	STATUS COM	Common for the status signal from Pin 18 through Pin 22
18	CV STATUS	ON during CV operation *4
19	CC STATUS	ON during CC operation *4
20	ALM STATUS	ON when the protective circuit is working or when the shut
		down signal is input (Hold for about half of a second when the
		POWER switch is OFF). *4
21	OUTON STATUS	ON when the output is ON *4
22	PWR OFF STATUS	OFF when the POWER switch is OFF, and ON when the inter
		nal sub-power is activated (hold for about half of a second). *4
23	SER OUT+	Positive output terminal used in master-slave serial operation.
24	PRL OUT+	Positive output terminal used in master-slave parallel operation.
25	SER OUT-	Negative output terminal used in master-slave serial operation.
26	PRL OUT-	Negative output terminal used in master-slave parallel operation.
	[COMP OUT] *3	[Compensation signal output terminal during master-slave
		parallel operation]

*1: Connected to the negative side of the sensing input (-S) when the remote sensing function is used, and to the negative (-) output when the function is not used.

*2: The internal circuit is pulled up to +5 V with 10 k Ω .

*3: Items inside brackets are for the 160 V, 320 V, and 500 V models.

*4: Open collector outputs from the photocoupler (maximum voltage of 30 V, maximum current of 8 mA). Insulated from the control circuit.

25 23 21 19 17 15 13 11 9 7 5 3 1



26 24 22 20 18 16 14 12 10 8 6 4 2

[Pin assignment of J1 connector]

D GIT

The PAS Series has an output control function that uses an external voltage, external resistance, and the contact signal (external analog inputs). It also offers, as a standard feature, a digital remote control read-back function (using the TP-BUS, or Twisted Pair-Bus). This TP-BUS permits a single power-supply controller (PIA4830) to control up to 32 units of the PAS Series, using a single GPIB address. The control signal cable can be extended up to a total length of 200 m, allowing easy wiring and efficient rack installation when building a large-scale power system.



PIA4850

USBITP

For USB



[Example of TP-BUS connection]



[Reference] Device message list

Message	Function
*IDN?	Checks the model name of the power supply controller.
IOUT?	Checks the output current value.
ISET	Sets the output current.
ISET?	Checks the preset current value.
LOCK	Enables or disables the operation of front-panel switches.
OCSET	Sets the OCP trip point.
OCSET?	Checks the OCP trip point.
OUT	Turns outputs ON/OFF.
OVSET	Sets the OVP trip point.
OVSET?	Checks the OVP trip point.
POW	Shuts down the POWER switch.
VOUT?	Checks the output voltage value.
VSET	Sets the output voltage.
VSET?	Checks the preset voltage value.

applications

[Output control by an external voltage]

The output voltage and current can be controlled using an external voltage.

-	-				
Object of control	Voltage*	Input impedance			
Output voltage	0 to about 10 V	About 10 k Ω			
Output current	0 to about 10 V	About 10 k Ω			
* Float, do not ground, the external voltage.					



[Output control by external resistance]

The output voltage and current can be controlled using external resistance. For the control mode, you can select between the maximum rated mode at 10 k Ω and the FAILSAFE mode, which protects the load against an excess voltage (0 V or 0 A at

$10 \text{ k}\Omega$, even if resist	ance fails during operation.
Object of control	Control resistance
Output voltage	0 to about 10 k Ω
Output current	0 to about 10 k Ω

* For resistance control, use a 1/2 W (or greater) metal-film resistor or wire-wound resistor that has a small temperature coefficient and high temporal stability.



[ON/OFF control of output]

The output can be turned ON/OFF via the external contact signal.

U		
Control mode	Details of control	
LOW=ON	Turns the output ON when L of the	
	TTL level signal is input.	
LOW=OFF	Turns the output ON when H of the	
	TTL level signal is input.	
* Use an external contact of a rated value of at least DC 5 V		

* Use an external contact of a rated value of at least DC 5 and 10 mA.

Dual-core shielded cable (connected to the negative output terminal) or twisted pair cable



[Shutdown control of output]

The external contact signal can be used to conduct shutdown control of the output

mutuo wii control of the output.				
Control mode *1	Details of control			
Enable	Trips the POWER switch when L			
	of the TTL level signal is input.			
Disable	Turns the output OFF when L of			
	the TTL level signal is input.*2			

*1: POWER switch trip settings.

*2: The POWER switch does not trip.



[Remote monitoring]

A signal is output to monitor the output voltage and current. Also, a status signal can be provided, to allow external monitoring of the status of operation.

now external monitoring of the status of operation				
Monitor output				
Output voltage monitor	0 to rated output voltage			
	\rightarrow 0 to about 10 V			
Output current monitor	0 to rated output current			
	\rightarrow 0 to about 10 V			

* Rated value for monitor output: output impedance of 1 k Ω or less, maximum current of about 10 mA.

Output of status signal

 CV mode signal
 Low during constant-voltage operation.

 CC mode signal
 Low during constant-current operation.

 Output ON signal
 Low when the output is OFF.

 Alarm signal
 Low when the protective circuit is working.

 POWER ON signal
 Low when the POWER switch is OFF.

* Each output is an open collector output on the photocoupler.

* Rated value for each signal terminal: maximum applied voltage of 30 V, maximum current of 2 mA.



[Remote sensing]

The remote sensing function is used to compensate a voltage drop caused in the cable between the power and the load or by contact resistance of the cable. A voltage drop poses a more serious problem as the current increases. A voltage drop of up to about 0.6 V can be prevented on one side when you turn on the sensing switch and shift the voltage-sensing point to the load.

* When remote sensing is conducted near the maximum output voltage, the output of this product is limited to 105% of the maximum output voltage. The 20 V models are set to a

maximum output voltage of 21 V. Because of this, the rated voltage will be unavailable if you attempt to compensate the maximum compensation voltage of 1.2 V (0.6 V one-way, x 2). To avoid this problem, use wire with a large enough cross-sectional area to reduce a voltage drop, so that a one-way voltage drop is limited to 0.5 V or less.

* When necessary, connect an electrolytic capacitor with at least 0.1 μF to a few hundreds of μF to the load at the shortest distance.



[Master-slave parallel operation]

Connecting multiple units of the same model in parallel can expand the current capacity. A single master is necessary to control outputs.

* Remote sensing or analog remote control, when necessary, must be conducted on the master.

* Up to five units can be connected in parallel with the 350 W type (a master and four slaves), three units may be connected with the 700 W type (a master and two slaves) and two units may be connected with the 1,000 W type (a master and a slave).



[Master-slave series operation]

Connecting multiple units of the same model in series can expand the output voltage. In this control, the upper (plus side) unit is used as the master. You have only to control the master to regulate slave outputs.

* Analog remote control, when necessary, must be conducted on the master.

* Up to two units (a master and a slave) may be connected in series.



specifications



Specifications

	Output Constant Voltage					Constant Current			Other				
Model	cv	сс	Ripple	Line Regulation	Load Regulation	Transient response	Ripple	Line Regulation	Load Regulation	Input Current	Rush Current	External Regulation	Weight
	V	A	mV rms	mV or less	mV or less	ms (typical value)	mA rms	mA or less	mA or less	AC(100 V/200 V)A	Ap-p(Max)	TYPE	kg/lb
PAS10-35	0 to 10	0 to 35	7	8	10	1	77	45	45	5.1/2.6	35	I	3/6.61
PAS10-70	0 to 10	0 to 70	11	8	10	1	185	80	80	10.2/5.2	70	II	5/11.02
PAS10-105	0 to 10	0 to 105	14	8	10	1	277	120	120	15.3/7.8	105		7/15.43
PAS20-18	0 to 20	0 to 18	7	13	15	1	40	28	28	5.1/2.6	35	I	3/6.61
PAS20-36	0 to 20	0 to 36	11	13	15	1	95	46	46	10.2/5.2	70	Ш	5/11.02
PAS20-54	0 to 20	0 to 54	14	13	15	1	143	69	69	15.3/7.8	105	111	7/15.43
PAS40-9	0 to 40	0 to 9	7	23	25	1	20	19	19	5.1/2.6	35	I	3/6.61
PAS40-18	0 to 40	0 to 18	11	23	25	1	48	28	28	10.2/2.6	70	II	5/11.02
PAS40-27	0 to 40	0 to 27	14	23	25	1	71	42	42	15.3/7.8	105		7/15.43
PAS60-6	0 to 60	0 to 6	7	33	35	1	13	16	16	5.1/2.6	35	I	3/6.61
PAS60-12	0 to 60	0 to 12	11	33	35	1	32	22	22	10.2/5.2	70	II	5/11.02
PAS60-18	0 to 60	0 to 18	14	33	35	1	48	33	33	15.3/7.8	105		7/15.43
PAS80-4.5	0 to 80	0 to 4.5	7	43	45	1	10	14.5	14.5	5.1/2.6	35	I	3/6.61
PAS80-9	0 to 80	0 to 9	11	43	45	1	24	19	19	10.2/5.2	70	Ш	5/11.02
PAS80-13.5	0 to 80	0 to 13.5	14	43	45	1	36	28.5	28.5	15.3/7.8	105		7/15.43
PAS160-2	0 to 160	0 to 2	10	83	85	2	5	7	7	5.0/2.5	35	I	3/6.61
PAS160-4	0 to 160	0 to 4	15	83	85	2	10	9	9	10.0/5.0	70	II	5/11.02
PAS160-6	0 to 160	0 to 6	20	83	85	2	15	11	11	15.0/7.5	105		7/15.43
PAS320-1	0 to 320	0 to 1	30	163	165	2	5	6	6	5.0/2.5	35	I	3/6.61
PAS320-2	0 to 320	0 to 2	20	163	165	2	5	7	7	10.0/5.0	70	II	5/11.02
PAS320-3	0 to 320	0 to 3	30	163	165	2	10	8	8	15.0/7.5	105		7/15.43
PAS500-0.6	0 to 500	0 to 0.6	20	253	255	2	5	5.6	5.6	5.0/2.5	35	I	3/6.61
PAS500-1.2	0 to 500	0 to 1.2	30	253	255	2	5	6.2	6.2	10.0/5.0	70	II	5/11.02
PAS500-1.8	0 to 500	0 to 1.8	40	253	255	2	5	6.8	6.8	15.0/7.5	105		7/15.43

* For the PAS series, the low leakage current type (LLC model) is also available. For more information, please contact us. Please note that the Low Leakage Current (LLC) type is not applied for the CE marked products.

Common Specifications

Input voltage 100 VAC to 240 VAC (85 VAC to 250 VAC), single phase, 47 Hz to 63 Hz
Power factor ·······0.98 typical value
Efficiency
Temperature coefficient ··· Constant-voltage output: 100 ppm/°C typ.
Constant-current output: 200 ppm/°C typ.
Indication meters
Voltmeter (23 °C ± 5 °C)···· Maximum display: 99.99, Four-digit green LED display
(Model below 80 V)
999.9 (Model above 160 V)
Measurement accuracy: ± (0.2 % of reading + 5 digits)
Setting resolution: Same as the display unit
Setting accuracy: ± (0.1 % of rating + 10 mV)
Ammeter (23 °C ± 5 °C) Maximum display: Four-digit green LED display
Maximum Output Current Maximum Display
Model less than 10 A 9.999
Model above 10 A less than 100 A 99.99
Model above 100 A, PAS500-0.6 999.9
PAS500-1.2, PAS500-1.8 9999
* Current value for 500 V models are displayed at the
unit of (mA)
Measurement accuracy: ± (0.5 % of reading + 5 digits)
Setting resolution: Same as the display unit
Setting accuracy: ± (0.5 % of rating+ 20 mA)
The Low Leakage Current type (LLC model) is available.

Because of the PAS series is equipped with a noise filter for the primary input, when using multiple quantities of the PAS series at the same time, the leakage breaker or the like may be activated depending on the environment of the input power. In such cases, we can offer the Low Leakage Current (LLC) type for those customers who are planning to use multiple quantities of the PAS series at the same time. For details, please contact our distributor or agent. Please note that the Low Leakage Current (LLC) type is not applied for the CE marked products.

Protective circuits	
Overvoltage protection	Voltage setting range: 10 % to 110 % of rated output
	Current actting range: 10 % to 110 % of rated output
Overcurrent protection.	current
Overheat protection	Activated by elevated internal temperatures
Environmental conditions	
Ambient temperature ra	nge for operation
	0 °C to 50 °C
Ambient humidity range	for operation
	20 %rh to 85 %rh
Storage temperature ran	ge
	-25 °C to 70 °C
Storage humidity range…	90 %rh or less
Cooling system	Fan-based forced-air cooling, front air-intake
Voltage to ground	±500 V (±600 V: 500 V model)
EMC ······	Complies with the requirements of the following
	directive and standards.
	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU,
	EN 61326-1 (Class A), EN 55011 (Class A, Group 1)
	EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3
	Applicable under the following conditions
	The maximum length of all cabling and wiring
	connected to the PAS must be less than 3 m.
Safety	Complies with the requirements of the following
-	directive and standard.
	Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
	EN 61010-1 (Class I, Pollution degree 2)

Product	Model	Remarks
Extended Terminal	ET11	The terminal block box can be installed on the unit with a magnet. Maximum rated output of 30 A
		(600 V or less).
Power supply controller	PIA4830	For GPIB / RS232C.
Power supply controller	PIA4850	For USB.
Rack mount adapter (JIS)	KRA150	
Rack mount adapter (EIA)	KRA3	
Blank panel (1/6 width)	KBP3-6	
Blank panel (1/3 width)	KBP3-3	
Blank panel (1/2 width)	KBP3-2	
Accessory kit (PIN & GND)	OP01-PAS	

■ DIMENSIONS (RACK MOUNT)/WEIGHT

$$\begin{split} & \text{Type I}: 71(2.8^{\circ})\text{W} \times 124(4.88^{\circ})\text{H} \times 350(13.78^{\circ})\text{Dmm(inch)} / 3\text{kg}(6.61 \text{ lbs.}) \\ & \text{Type II}: 142.5(5.61^{\circ})\text{W} \times 124(4.88^{\circ})\text{H} \times 350(13.78^{\circ})\text{Dmm(inch)} / 5\text{kg}(11.02 \text{ lbs.}) \\ & \text{Type III}: 214(8.43^{\circ})\text{W} \times 124(4.88^{\circ})\text{H} \times 350(13.78^{\circ})\text{Dmm(inch)} / 7\text{kg}(15.43 \text{ lbs.}) \end{split}$$







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